Financial Statements
For the Quarter Ended 31 March, 2024

RIAZ AHMED SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED Statement of Financial Position As at 31 March 2024

	Note	Unaudited Quarterly 31-Mar-24 Rupees	Audited Yearly 30-Jun-23
ASSETS	rote	Rupees	Rupees
Non-Current Assets			
Property and equipment	5	210,059	239,125
Right of Use asset	6	823,421	1,094,247
Intangible asset	7	2,500,000	2,500,000
Long Term Investment	8	62,270,054	62,270,054
Long Term Deposits	9	500,000	500,000
		66,303,534	66,603,426
Current Assets		, ,	00,000,120
Short Term Investments	10	10,346,004	14,776,158
Accounts Receivables	11	10,010,001	63,983
Advances, deposits & pre-payments	11	311,000	80,000
Tax Refund due from Government	12	1,544,450	505,631
Cash and bank balances	13	23,362,319	6,329,025
		35,563,773	21,754,797
		101,867,308	88,358,223
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Share Capital & Reserves			
Authorized Capital		50,000,000	50,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	14	47,493,370	47,493,370
Unrealized surplus / (deficit) on remeasurement			
of investments measured at FVOCI		31,924,024	31,924,024
Unappropriated Profit / (Loss)		17,680,593	7,206,108
		97,097,987	86,623,502
Liabilities			
Non Current Liabilities Deferred Tax Liabilities			
Lease Liability of Right to use Asset	15	24 700	-
Lease Liability of Right to use Asset	16	34,782	466,927
Current Liabilities			
Account payables	17	4,133,749	480,424
Current portion of lease liability	16	583,194	593,242
Provision for Taxation	18		
Accrued and Other Liabilities	19	17,596	194,128
		4,734,538	1,267,794
Contingencies and Commitments	20		
		101,867,308	88,358,223

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive



RIAZ AHMED SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED Statement of Profit or Loss For the Period ended March 31, 2024

	Note	Unaudited Quarterly 31-Mar-24 Rupees	Audited Yearly 30-Jun-23 Rupees
Operating Revenue	21	955,382	5,481,160
Capital gain / (loss) on sale of investment - net		639,293	4,500,539
(Loss) / gain on re-measurement of investment carried at fair value through profit or loss-net		(497,453) 1,097,223	(3,909,796)
Operating and Administrative Expenses	22	(1,389,187)	(4,460,126)
Profit / (loss) from operation		(291,964)	1,611,777
Financial charges	23	(26,119)	(62,906)
Other income Profit / (Loss) before taxation	24	1,129,961 811,877	870,926 2,419,796
Taxation	25		(571,930)
Profit / (Loss) after taxation		811,877	1,847,866
Earnings / (Loss) per share		0.17	0.39

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Eventine

TREC No. 481

RIAZ AHMED SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED Statement of Other Comprehensive Income For the Period ended March 31, 2024

	Unaudited Quarterly 31-Mar-24 <i>Rupees</i>	Audited Yearly 30-Jun-23 Rupees
Profit / (Loss) after Taxation	811,877	1,847,866
Items that may be reclassified to the Profit or loss: Loss on remeasurement of TREC	-	-
Items that may not be reclassified to the Profit or loss: Gain on ISE REIT Management shares Other comprehensive income for the year	· · · · · ·	-
Total Comprehensive income for the year	811,877	1,847,866

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

TREC No. 481

Statement o' Changes in Equity For the Period ended March 31, 2024

		Capital Reserve		Revenue Reserve	
	Share capital	Share premium	Unrealized surplus / (deficit) on re- measurement of investments measured at FVOCI	Unappropriated profit/ (Loss)	Total
			Rupees		
Balance as at 01July 2022	47,493,370		22,638,138	5,253,447	75,384,955
The profit (loss for the year ended June 30, 2022	•	•	9,285,886	1,952,661	11.238.547
Balance as at 3(June, 2023	47,493,370	•	31,924,024	7,206,108	86,623,501
Balance as at 01July 2023 Net profit / (loss for the half year ended Dec 2023	47,493,370		31,924,024	7,206,108	86,623,502
Net profit / (loss for the Quarter March 2024	•	•	•	9,002,008	811.877
Daiance as at 31Dec 2023	47,493,370		31,924,024	17,680,593	87.435.379

The annexed noes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.







RIAZ AHMED SECURITIES (PRIVATE) LIMITED Statement of Cash flows

Statement of Cash Hows		
For the Period ended March 31, 2024	Unaudited	Audited
	Quarterly	Yearly
	31-Mar-24	30-Jun-23
	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit / (Loss) before taxation	811,877	2,419,796
Adjustments for non cash items:		
Depreciation	99,963	608,194
Unrealised (Gain) / loss on investment	(497,453)	(3,909,796)
Financial charges	26,119	62,906
	(371,371)	(3,238,696)
Operating profit before working capital changes	440,507	(818,900)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities		
(Increase) / decrease in: Accounts Receivable		
: BUNDER BUNDER MANUSCHMANNE MANUSCHEN BUNDER B	1 504 000	(63,983)
Advances, Deposits and prepayments Short Term Investments	1,594,000	(18,000)
Increase / (decrease) in:	(8,904,657)	(1,260,856)
Accounts Payable	(11,165,385)	(1,877,730)
Accrued and Other Liabilities	(121,764)	(18,990)
	(18,597,806)	(3,239,559)
Cash utilized in energtions		
Cash utilized in operations	(18,157,300)	(4,058,458)
Financial charges paid	(26,119)	(62,906)
Unrealised (Gain) / loss on investment	497,453	3,909,796
Lease paid	(143,900)	(607,040)
Taxes paid	(252,279)	(671,719)
Not each assessed for the distance of the	75,155	2,568,131
Net cash generated from / (used in) operating activities	(18,082,145)	(1,490,327)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Assets	-	(25,000)
Net cash used in investing activities		(25,000)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Net cash generated from financing activities		-
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents	(18,082,145)	(1,515,327)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	41,444,464	7,844,352
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	23,362,319	6,329,025

The annexed notes 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

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Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period ended March 31, 2024

1 The Company's operations and registered office

Riaz Ahmed Securities (Private) Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in May 11, 2006 under the Companies Ordinance 1984 as a Private Limited company at Islamabad and is primarily engaged in the business of stocks, brokerage, portfolio management and in secondary capital market operations. It is also actively taking part in the initial public offerings(IPO's) and providing all relative services to the general public to promote investment. Company office is situated at G-9(A) Mezzanine of ISE Towers, 55-B, Jinnah Avenue, Sector F-7/G-7, Islamabad.

2 Accounting convention and Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS" or "IFRSs") issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") as are notified under the Companies Act, 2017, provisions of or directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017, and relevant provisions of the Securities Brokers (Licensing and Operations) Regulations 2016 (the "Regulations"). In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Act, 2017 and/or the Regulations shall prevail.

2.2 Basis of measurment

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, except:

- Investments in quoted equity securities (whether classified as assets at fair value through profit or loss, or at fair value through other comprehensive income), which are carried at fair value;
- Investments in unquoted equities, measured at fair value through other comprehensive income;
- Investments in associates, which are recorded in accordance with the equity method of accounting for such investments; and
- Derivative financial instruments, which are marked-to-market as appropriate under relevant accounting and reporting standards.

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards

2.3.1 Standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the company:

IAS 1	Presentation of financial statements	January 1, 2023
IAS 8	Accounting policies, changes in accounting estimates and errors (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 12	Income Taxes (Amendments)	January 1, 2023
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 37	Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 3	Business Combinations (Amendments)	January 1, 2022
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments (Amendments)	January 1, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period ended March 31, 2024

The management anticipates that adoption of above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the financial statements other than in presentation / disclosures.

Further, the following new standards and interpretations have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), which are yet to be notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), for the purpose of their applicability in Pakistan:

IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRS 17 Insurance contracts

2.4 Accounting estimate and Judgement

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience as well as expectations of future events and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Company's financial statements, are as follows:

- (i) Estimates of useful lives and residual values of items of property, plant and equipment;
- (ii) Estimates of useful lives of intangible assets;
- (iii) Allowance for credit losses;
- (iv) Fair values of unquoted equity investments;
- (v) Classification, recognition, measurement / valuation of financial instruments; and
- (vi) Provision for taxation

3 Significant accounting policies

3.1 Accounting Convention

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial assets and liabilities which are stated at their fair value or amortized cost as applicable.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires management to make estimates, assumptions and use judgments that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities and income and expenses. Estimates, assumptions and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including reasonable expectations of future events. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized prospectively commencing from the period of revision.

3.2 Property and equipment

These are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any, except freehold land and capital work in progress are stated at Cost.

Depreciation is calculated using the reducing balance method on owned assets and on straight line basis on right of use assets, at the rates specified in note number 4, which are considered appropriate to write off the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives. The Depreciation for full year in the year of purchase while no depreciation is charged in the year of sale of asset on owned assets and on the period of usage basis on right of use assets.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period ended March 31, 2024

The asset's residual values, useful lives and methods are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each balance sheet date.

3.3 Intangible assets

This is stated at cost less amortization and impairment losses, if any. The carrying amounts are reviewed at each balance sheet date to assess whether these are recorded in excess of their recoverable amounts, and where carrying value is in excess of recoverable amount, these are written down to their estimated recoverable amount.

3.4 Long Term Deposits and Loans

Long term deposits and Loans are stated at Cost.

3.5 Account Receivables

Account Receivables are recognized and carried at original amount which is fair value of the consideration to be received in future. Debts considered irrecoverable are written-off.

3.6 Taxation

The charge for current taxation is based on taxable income at current rate of taxation of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 after taking into account applicable tax credits and rebates, if any.

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method in respect of temporary differences arising from differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profits.

3.7 Trade and settlement date accounting

All "regular way" purchases and sales of listed securities are recognized on the trade date, i.e. the date that the Company commits to purchase/ sell the asset. Regular way purchase or sale of financial assets are those, the contract for which requires delivery of assets within the time frame established generally by regulation or convention in the market place concerned.

3.8 Securities under repurchase/reverse repurchase agreements

Transactions of repurchase/ reverse repurchase of investment securities are entered into at contracted rate for specified periods of time.

3.9 Revenue recognition

- a) Brokerage, fees, commission and other income are accrued as and when due.
- b) Dividend income on equity investments is recognized, when receive the same.
- c) Gains or losses on sale of investments are recognized in the period in which they arise.
- d) Unrealized capital gains/(losses) arising from marking to market of investments classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss held for trading are included in profit and loss account in the period in which they arise.

3.10 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

3.11 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, balance with banks on current and deposit accounts and short term running finance account.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period ended March 31, 2024

3.12 Financial Instruments

Initial Recognition

All Financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at cost which is the fair value of the consideration given or receive. These are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost or cost as the case may be.

Classification of financial assets:

The company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories

- At fair value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)
- At fair value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)
- At Amortized Cost

The Company determines the classification of financial assets at initial recognition. The classification of instruments (other than equity instruments) is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and their contractual cash flow characteristics.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at amortised cost:

- The financial asset is held with a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flow; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets that meet the following conditions are subsequently measured at FVTOCI:

- The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets; and
- The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payment of principal and interest on the principal outstanding.
- By default, all other financial assets are subsequently measured at FVTPL.

Classification of financial liabilities:

The company classifies its financial instruments in the following categories

- At fair value Through Profit and Loss (FVTPL)
- At Amortized Cost

The financial liabilities are measured at amortised cost, unless they are required to be measured at FVTPL (such as instruments held for trading or derivatives) or the Company has opted to measure them at FVTPL.

Subsequent Measurement

i) Financial assets at FVTOCI

Elected investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are initially recognized at fair value plus transactions costs. Subsequently, they are measured at fair value, with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognised in other comprehensive income/ (loss).

ii) Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost

Financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost are initially recognised at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortised cost, and in the case of financial assets, less any impairment.

iii) Financial assets and liabilities at FVTPL

Financial assets and liabilities carried at FVTPL are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the statements of profit and loss and other comprehensive income. Realised and unrealized gains and losses arising from changes in the fair value of the financial assets and liabilities held at FVTPL are included in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Impairment of financial assets

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period ended March 31, 2024

The Company recognizes loss allowance for Expected Credit Loss (ECL) on financial assets at amortised cost and FVTOCI at an amount equal to lifetime ECLs except for the financial assets in which there is no significant increased in credit risk since initial recognition or financial assets which are determined to have low credit risk at the reporting date, in which case 12 month after the reporting date:

- Short term deposits and receivables
- loan to director
- Receivable again sale of property
- Bank balances

Loss allowance for receivables from clients are always measured at an amount equal to life time ECLs. Life time ECLs are the ECLs that results from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. 12 month ECLs are portion of ECL that result from default events that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date.

ECLs are a probability weighted estimate of credit losses. Credit losses are measured at the present value of all cash shortfalls (i.e. the difference between cash flows due to the entity in accordance with the contract and cash flows that the Company expects to receive).

The gross carrying amount of a financial asset is written off when the Company has no reasonable expectation of recovering a financial asset in its entirety or a portion thereof.

Derecognition

i) Financial assets

The Company derecognizes financial assets only when the contractual rights to cash flows from the financial assets expire or when it transfers the financial assets and substantially all the associated risks and reward of ownership to another entity. On derecognition of a financial assets measured at amortised cost, the difference between the asset's carrying value and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognised in profit or loss. In addition, on derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument classified as at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is reclassified to profit or loss. In contrast on derecognition of an investment in equity instrument which the Company has elected on initial recognition to measure at FVTOCI, the cumulative gain or loss previously accumulated in the investments revaluation reserve is not reclassified to profit or loss, but is transferred to statement of changes in equity.

ii) Financial liabilities

The Company derecognises financial liabilities when its obligation under the financial liabilities are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognised and the consideration paid and payable, including any noncash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income.

3.13 Contingencies and Commitments

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past event, existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past event, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

4 Changes in accounting policy

IFRS 9- Financial Instruments

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period ended March 31, 2024

IFRS 9 replaces the provision of IAS 39 that relate to the recognition, classification and measurement of financial assets and financial liabilities, derecognition of financial instruments, impairment of financial assets and hedging accounting. The adoption of IFRS 9 from July 1, 2019 resulted in changes in accounting policies are set out in note 3.12 above. In accordance with the transitional provision in IFRS 9, the corresponding figures have not been restated.

IFRS 16: Leases

This standard introduces a single, on-balance sheet lease accounting model for lessees, whereby the lessee recognizes a single, right-of-use asset (representing its right to use an asset) and a lease liability representing the lessee's obligation to make lease payments. Guidance being replaced and superseded by IFRS 16 includes (but is not limited to) IAS 17 (Leases), IFRIC 4 (Determining Whether An Arrangement Contains a Lease) and SIC 15 (Incentives in Operating Leases). The standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2019. The adoption of IFRS 9 from renewal of lease on May 15, 2020 for next three years resulted in changes in accounting policies as required by IFRS 16.

5 Property and Equipment

				Mar-24						
		C	ost			Accumulated	Depreciation		Not Dool	T
Particulars	As at Jan 01	Additions/ Adjustment	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at March 31	As at Jan 01	Disposal during the period	For the Quarter	As at March 31	Net Book Value as at March 31	Rate %
					Rupees					
Computers and equipments	692,283	-		692,283	629,205		5,566	634,771	57,512	30
Office equipment	170,459			170,459	107,263		1,663	108,926	61,533	
Furniture and Fixture	191,320			191,320	97,846		2,460	100,306	91,014	
Mar-24	1,054,062			1,054,062	814,937		9,689	844,003	210,059	

				Jun-23						
		Co	ost			Accumulated	Depreciation	10.1162.2000	Net Book	R
Particulars	As at July 01	Additions/ Adjustment	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at June 30	As at July 01	Disposal	For the year	As at June 30	Value as at June 30	Rate %
					Rupees -			-		re en
Computers and equipments	667,283	25,000		692,283	586,270		31,804	618,074	74,209	30
Office equipment	170,459			170,459	96,545		7,391	103,936	66,523	10
Furniture and Fixture	191,320		1.5	191,320	81,994		10,933	92,927	98,393	10
Jun-23	1,029,062	25,000		1,054,062	764,809		50,128	814,937	239,125	

6 Right of Use Asset

				Mar-24	0.2					
		C	ost			Accumulated	Depreciation		Net Book	T.
Particulars	As at Jan 01	Additions/ Adjustment	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at March 31	As at Jan 01	Disposal during the period	For the Quarter	As at March 31	Value as at March 31	Kate %
					Rupees -			-		
Office Room	1,790,586			1,790,586	876,890		90,275	967,165	823,421	33
Mar-24	1,790,586	ESHIELD S		1,790,586	378,510		90,275	967,165	823,421	

				Jun-23			*			
		C	ost			Accumulate	d Depreciation		Nat Bask	T_
Particulars	As at July 01	Additions/ Adjustment	Disposal/ Adjustment	As at June 30	As at July 01	Disposal during the year	For the year	As at June 30	Net Book Value as at June 30	Rate %
					Rupees					
Office Room	1,790,586			1,790,586	99,477		596,862	696,339	1,094,247	33
2023	1,790,586		Electrical Control	1,790,586	99,477		596,862	696,339	1,094,247	-

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period ended March 31, 2024

7 Intangible Asset

Trading Right Entitlement Certificate Impairment

Note	Unaudited Quarterly 31-Mar-24 Rupees	Audited Yearly 30-Jun-23 Rupees
7.1	2,500,000	2,500,000
	-	•
	2,500,000	2,500,000

7.1 Pursuant to the Stock Exchange (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration) Act, 2012, stock exchanges operating as guarantee limited companies were converted to public limited companies. Ownership rights in exchanges were segregated from the right to trade on an exchange. As a result of such demutualization and corporatization, the Company received shares of the relevant exchange and a Trading Rights Entitlement Certificate ("TREC") against its membership card.

The TREC has been recorded as an indefinite-life intangible asset pursuant to the provisions and requirements of IAS 38. As the TREC is not a commonly tradable instrument, the value approved by the Board of Directors of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited ("PSX") post-mutualization was used as the initial value of the intangible. The TREC, which has been pledged with the PSX to meet Base Minimum Capital ("BMC") requirements, is assessed for impairment in accordance with relevant approved accounting standards.

Vide its notice dated November 10, 2017, the PSX revised the notional value of the TREC to PKR 2.5 million. Since then there is no change in the notional value of the TRE Certificate till 31 March 2024...

8 Long Term Investment

ISE Towers REIT Management Company Limited		62,270,054	52,984,168
(unqouted at fair value)			
Adjustment for remeasurement to fair value	8.1	0	9,285,886
		62,270,054	62,270,054

- 8.1 These represent the shares received from ISE Towers REIT Management Company Limited (Formerly Islamabad Stock Exchange (ISE) in pursuance of corporatization and demutualization of ISE as public company limited by shares in accordance with the requirement of the Stock Exchanges (Corporatization, Demutualization and Integration Act, 2012 (the Act).
- 8.2 Accordingly, the company has been allotted 3,034,603 shares of ISE of Rs. 10/- each based on the valuation of their assets and liabilities as approved by the SECP. 1,160,888 shares are pledged with PSX's participant IDs to maintain the Base Minimum Capital "BMC".

The Company has recorded a surplus of Rs. 14.346 million on conversion of membership card and ISE REIT shares and TREC in the equity through profit and loss account during the year 2012-13.

In the absence of an active market for these shares, the company has taken/valued them at Rs. 17.46/- share as per audited financials of 2022 of ISE REIT Management Company Limited, which is the value approved by the Board of Directors of PSX and intimated to SECP for the base minimum capital. The fact indicates an acceptable level for ISE REIT shares which is also used by the stock exchange for risk management and to safeguard investor's interest.

9 Long Term Deposits

CDC Deposits	100,000	100,000
NCSS Deposits	200,000	200,000
PSX Deposits	200,000	200,000
	500,000	500,000
	500,000	_

10	Note Short Term Investments	Unaudited Quarterly 31-Mar-24	Audited Yearly 30-Jun-23
		Rupees	Rupees
	Cost of investment in listed securities Unrealized Gain / (loss) on investment	10,852,569	18,548,416
	officialized Gain / (loss) on investment	(506,565)	(3,772,257)
		10,346,004	14,776,158
		Market	Values
	Attock Petroleum Limited-Nil (2023:12694) shares	•	3,811,374
	Engro PowerGen Qadirpur Limited-7000 shares	199,850	•
	Pakistan Oilfiled Limited 9250 shares (June 2023 Nil)	3,996,648	
	Engro Corporation Limited- Nil (2023:950) shares	-	246,896
	Hascol Petroleum Limited - Nil (2023: 363549) shares		2,017,697
	Kot Addu Power Company Limited - 167,405 (2023:105526) shares	4,551,742	2,194,941
	Searl Pakistan - 30550 shares	1,597,765	
	MCB Bank Limited - Nil (2023: 12,722) shares		1,456,287
	Millat Tractors Limited - Nil (2023: 10,616) shares		4,143,531
	Pakistan Petroleum Limited - Nil (2023: 15,310) shares		905,433
		10.246.005	
		10,346,005	14,776,159
11	Accounts Receivables		
	Receivable from National Clearing Company Pakistan Ltd		63,983
			63,983
11.1	Receivables from National Clearing Company Pakistan Limited are relasecured but considered good by the Management.	ite to operating reve	enues and are not
11	secured but considered good by the Management. Advances, deposits & pre-payments		
	secured but considered good by the Management.	311,000	80,000
	secured but considered good by the Management. Advances, deposits & pre-payments		
11	Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government	311,000	80,000
11	Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit	311,000 311,000 505,631	80,000 80,000 400,903
11	Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance	311,000	80,000
11	Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year	311,000 311,000 505,631	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569
11	Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841)
11	Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841)
11	secured but considered good by the Management. Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance Cash and bank balances Cash in hand Cash in Bank - In saving/ Profit Accounts 13.1	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819 - 1,544,450	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841) 505,631
11	Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance Cash and bank balances Cash in hand Cash in Bank	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819 - 1,544,450 6,000 3,924,462 19,431,857	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841) 505,631 3,000 415,693 5,910,331
11	secured but considered good by the Management. Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance Cash and bank balances Cash in hand Cash in Bank - In saving/ Profit Accounts 13.1	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819 - 1,544,450 6,000 3,924,462 19,431,857 23,356,319	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841) 505,631 3,000 415,693 5,910,331 6,326,025
11 12	Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance Cash and bank balances Cash in hand Cash in Bank - In saving/ Profit Accounts - In Current Accounts	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819 - 1,544,450 6,000 3,924,462 19,431,857	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841) 505,631 3,000 415,693 5,910,331
11 12 13	Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance Cash and bank balances Cash in hand Cash in Bank - In saving/ Profit Accounts - In Current Accounts This represents customers' assets held in separate bank account.	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819 1,544,450 6,000 3,924,462 19,431,857 23,356,319 23,362,319	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841) 505,631 3,000 415,693 5,910,331 6,326,025 6,329,025
11 12 13 13.1 13.2	secured but considered good by the Management. Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance Cash and bank balances Cash in hand Cash in Bank - In saving/ Profit Accounts - In Current Accounts This represents customers' assets held in separate bank account. Effective markup rate in respect of saving accountfor the year range 22.50%).	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819 1,544,450 6,000 3,924,462 19,431,857 23,356,319 23,362,319	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841) 505,631 3,000 415,693 5,910,331 6,326,025 6,329,025
11 12 13	secured but considered good by the Management. Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance Cash and bank balances Cash in hand Cash in Bank - In saving/ Profit Accounts - In Current Accounts This represents customers' assets held in separate bank account. Effective markup rate in respect of saving accountfor the year range 22.50%). Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819 1,544,450 6,000 3,924,462 19,431,857 23,356,319 23,362,319 23,362,319 es from 20.50% (2	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841) 505,631 3,000 415,693 5,910,331 6,326,025 6,329,025 2023: 13.50% to
11 12 13 13.1 13.2	secured but considered good by the Management. Advances, deposits & pre-payments NCCPL exposure deposit Tax Refund due from Government Opening balance Withheld during the year Adjusted during the year Closing balance Cash and bank balances Cash in hand Cash in Bank - In saving/ Profit Accounts - In Current Accounts This represents customers' assets held in separate bank account. Effective markup rate in respect of saving accountfor the year range 22.50%).	311,000 311,000 505,631 1,038,819 1,544,450 6,000 3,924,462 19,431,857 23,356,319 23,362,319	80,000 80,000 400,903 671,569 (566,841) 505,631 3,000 415,693 5,910,331 6,326,025 6,329,025

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period ended March 31, 2024

FOF	the Period ended March 31, 2024		
	Note	Unaudited Quarterly 31-Mar-24	Audited Yearly 30-Jun-23
		Rupees	Rupees
15	Deferred Tax Liability	Rupees	Rupces
	Opening Balance	-	
	Addition during the year		
	Reversal during the year		
15.1	Deferred tax liabilities/(assets) arising due to taxable/(deductible) temporaries	orary differences are	as follows:
	Taxable temporary differences (deferred tax liabilities):		
	Accelerated tax depreciation considered of June 30, 2023	(343,868)	(343,868)
	Deductible temporary differences (deferred tax assets):		
	Lease liability	179,213	307,450
	Short term Investment	63,320	875,366
	Minimum tax	19,255	55,367
	Brought forward tax losses	836,083	836,083
		754,004	1,730,398
16	Lease Liability		
	Opening balance	466,928	1,667,212
	Addition / Adjustment during the year	294,948	37,451
	Less: Paid / adjustment during the Year/ quarter	(143,900)	(644,492)
		617,976	1,060,171
	Less: Current maturity	(583,194)	(593,243)
	Non Current portion of Lease liability	34,782	466,928
16.1	The Company has taken on lease office from ISE Towers REIT Manage 2022 for three year with 7.5% annual increase and quarterly due payments.	gement Company Li ents, annual interest	mited on May 15, rate taken at 10%
17	Account payables		
	Account payables	2,251,742	480,424
	Payable to NCCPL	1,882,006	
		4,133,749	480,424
17.1	Payable to clients relate to operating business, furthermore consist amounting to Rs. 6,072,299/-	s of Accounts pay	able to Directors
18	Provision for Taxation		
	Opening balance		
	Provision for the year 25	•	566,841
	Adjusted during the year		(566,841)
	Closing balance		
	Crossing Culture		

19	Accrued and Other Liabilities	Note	Unaudited Quarterly 31-Mar-24 Rupees	Audited Yearly 30-Jun-23 Rupees
			17,596	13,197
	Other Payable Accrued Liabilities		17,370	180,931
	Accided Elabilities		17,596	194,128
20	Contingencies and Commitments		17,330	174,126
20.1	For purchase of shares		6,685,441	6,743,673_
20.1	For sale of shares		3,234,593	6,807,656
	To sale of shares			
21	Operating Revenue			
	Commission Income		410,460	1,899,131
	Dividend Income		544,922	3,582,029
			955,382	5,481,160
22	Operating and Administrative Expenses			
	Directors' Remuneration		240,000	960,000
	Salaries & Benefits		462,000	1,380,000
	Electricity and Water Charges		68,412	195,731
	Telephone & Internet Charges		13,210	56,451
	Entertainments		12,800	40,455
	ISE Building Charges		18,211	60,213
	Laga Charges		20,591	55,763
	PSX Charges			255,591
	NCSS Charges		28,967	103,333
	CDC Charges		(4,164)	18,915
	Printing and Stationary		980	23,900
	Repair & Maintenance		20,438	89,684
	Legal & Professional Charges		90,125	317,111
	Software Updation Charges		23,625	103,950
	Auditors' Remuneration	22.1	164,250	137,000
	Postage and courier		120 700	370
	Fee and Subscription		129,780	64,965 646,990
	Depreciation	5	99,963	
			1,389,187	4,510,422
22.1	Auditors' Remuneration			
	Statutory Audit Fee			66,500
	Audit fee for certificates		164,250	60,000
	PRA			10,500
			164,250	137,000
23	Financial charges			
	Markup on Leased Asset		26,119	37,451
	Bank charges		•	25,454
			26,119	62,905
24	Other Income			
	Bank Profit		1,129,961	870,926
	Security Deposit		-,,	150,000
	Security Deposit		1,129,961	1,020,926
			1,129,901	1,020,920

25	Taxation	Note	Unaudited Quarterly 31-Mar-24 Rupees	Audited Yearly 30-Jun-23 Rupees
	Current period /year Taxation			561,045
•	Prior year			5,796
			•	566,841
	Deferred Taxation		<u> </u>	
				566,841
				THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T

25.1 Income tax assessments of the Company are deemed to be finalized as per tax returns file up to tax year 2021.

Tax returns are subject to further assessment under provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 ("the Ordinance") unless selected for an audit by the taxation authorities. The Commissioner of Income Tax may, at any time during a period of five years from date of filing of return, select a deemed assessment order for audit.

STATEMENT OF LIQUID CAPITAL BALANCE

Basis of Preparation
The liquid capital balance has been prepared under regulation 6(4) of Third schedule of Securites Brokers (Licensing and operations) Regulations, 2016 (The Regulations) issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan

Sr. No.	Head of Account	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
. Ass				
	Property & Equipment	1,033,480	100.00%	•
1.3	Intangible Assets Investment in Govt. Securities	2,500,000	100.00%	•
1.3	Investment in Govt. Securities	-	-	•
	If listed than:			
	i. 5% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.		5.00%	
	ii. 7.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.	1/24/02/10/20	7.50%	
1.4	iii. 10% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.		10.00%	
	If unlisted than:			
	i. 10% of the balance sheet value in the case of tenure upto 1 year.		10.00%	
	ii. 12.5% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure from 1-3 years.		12.50%	
	iii. 15% of the balance sheet value, in the case of tenure of more than 3 years.		15.00%	
	Investment in Equity Securities			
1.5	i. If listed 15% or VaR of each securities on the cutoff date as computed by the Securities Exchange	- 10,346,004	1,551,900	8,794,104
	for respective securities whichever is higher.		100,00%	
16	ii. If unlisted, 100% of carrying value. Investment in subsidiaries	62,270,054	100.00%	
1.0	Investment in subsidiaries Investment in associated companies/undertaking		100,0076	
	i. If listed 20% or VaR of each securities as computed by the Securities Exchange for respective			
1.7	securities whichever is higher.			
	ii. If unlisted, 100% of net value.		100.00%	
-	Statutory or regulatory deposits/basic deposits with the exchanges, clearing house or central		NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	
1.8	depository or any other entity.	500,000	100.00%	
1.9	Margin deposits with exchange and clearing house.	311,000		311,000
1.10	Deposit with authorized intermediary against borrowed securities under SLB.			
1.11	Other deposits and prepayments	1,544,450	100.00%	
1.12	Accrued interest, profit or mark-up on amounts placed with financial institutions or debt securities etc.(Nil)			
1.12	100% in respect of markup accrued on loans to directors, subsidiaries and other related parties		100.00%	
1.13	Dividends receivables.			
	Amounts receivable against Repo financing.			The second second
1.14	Amount paid as purchaser under the REPO agreement. (Securities purchased under repo arrangement shall not be included in the investments.)			
1.15	Receivables other than trade receivables	Carrier Victoria	100.00%	
	Receivables from clearing house or securities exchange(s)		NA STORY	
1.16	100% value of claims other than those on account of entitlements against trading of securities in all markets including MtM gains.			
	Receivables from customers			
	i. In case receivables are against margin financing; the aggregate if (i) value of securities held in the blocked account after applying VAR based Haircut, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the financee (iii) market value of any securities deposited as collateral after applying VaR based haircut. L. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments.			
	ii. Incase receivables are against margin trading, 5% of the net balance sheet value. It. Net amount after deducting haircut	288	5.00%	
1.17	iii. Incase receivables are against securities borrowings under SLB, the amount paid to NCCPL as collateral upon entering into contract, iii. Net amount after deducting haircut			No.
	iv. Incase of other trade receivables not more than 5 days overdue, 0% of the net balance sheet value. iv. Balance sheet value		1.	
	v. Incase of other trade receivables are overdue, or 5 days or more, the aggregate of (i) the market value of securities purchased for customers and held in sub-accounts after applying VAR based haircuts, (ii) cash deposited as collateral by the respective customer and (iii) the market value of securities held as collateral after applying VaR based haircuts. v. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments			
	v. Lower of net balance sheet value or value determined through adjustments vi. 100% haircut in the case of amount receivable form related parties.		100.00%	The second second
	Cash and Bank balances		100.0370	
	I. Bank Balance-proprietory accounts	19,431,857	secondaria.	19,431,857
1.18	ii. Bank balance-customer accounts	3,924,462		3,924,462
	iii. Cash in hand	6,000		6,000
1 10	Total Assets	101,867,308		32,467,423

No.	1	Value in Pak Rupees	Hair Cut / Adjustments	Net Adjusted Value
Lia	bilities			
	Trade Payables			
1.1	i. Payable to exchanges and clearing house	1,882,006		1,882,00
BS No.	ii. Payable against leveraged market products iii. Payable to customers	2.251.743		2051.74
	Current Liabilities	2,251,743	-	2,251,74
	i. Statutory and regulatory dues			
	ii. Accruals and other payables	17,594		17,59
	iii. Short-term borrowings			
2.2	iv. Current portion of subordinated loans			
	v. Current portion of long term liabilities	583,194	party - and	583,19
	vi. Deferred Liabilities vii. Provision for bad debts			
	viii. Provision for taxation			•
	ix. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements			
	Non-Current Liabilities		The state of the s	
2.3	i. Long-Term financing			
	ii. Staff retirement benefits		A Part of the last	
	iii. Other liabilities as per accounting principles and included in the financial statements	34,782	-	34,78
2.4	Subordinated Loans 100% of Subordinated loans which fulfill the conditions specified by SECP are allowed to be	•	•	•
6.7	deducted			
2.5	Total Liabilities	4,769,319		4,769,31
	nking Liabilities Relating to :	4,709,319		4,709,51
12.0	Concentration in Margin Financing			
3.1	The amount calculated client-to- client basis by which any amount receivable from any of the			
0120	financees exceed 10% of the aggregate of amounts receivable from total financees.			
	Concentration in securities lending and borrowing			
	The amount by which the aggregate of:			
	(i) Amount deposited by the borrower with NCCPL (ii) Cash margins paid and			
	(iii) The market value of securities pledged as margins exceed the 110% of the market value of			
ray.	shares borrowed			
	Net underwriting Commitments			
	(a) in the case of right issuse: if the market value of securities is less than or equal to the		A STATE OF THE STATE OF	
	subscription price;			
	the aggregate of			
	(i) the 50% of Haircut multiplied by the underwriting commitments and			
	(ii) the value by which the underwriting commitments exceeds the market price of the securities.			
	In the case of rights issuse where the market price of securities is greater than the subscription price,			
	5% of the Haircut multiplied by the net underwriting		+	
	(b) in any other case: 12.5% of the net underwriting commitments			
	Negative equity of subsidiary			
3.4	The amount by which the total assets of the subsidiary (excluding any amount due from the			
	subsidiary) exceed the total liabilities of the subsidiary			
	Foreign exchange agreements and foreign currency positions	STATE OF THE PARTY		
3.5	5% of the net position in foreign currency. Net position in foreign currency means the difference of			
	total assets denominated in foreign currency less total liabilities denominated in foreign currency			
3.6	Amount Payable under REPO			
	Repo adjustment			
	In the case of financier/purchaser the total amount receivable under Repo less the 110% of the			
	market value of underlying securities.			
	In the case of financee/seller the market value of underlying securities after applying haircut less			
	the total amount received ,less value of any securities deposited as collateral by the purchaser after			
	applying haircut less any cash deposited by the purchaser. Concentrated proprietary positions			
State 6	If the market value of any security is between 25% and 51% of the total proprietary positions then			
	5% of the value of such security. If the market of a security exceeds 51% of the proprietary position,	427,419		427,419
	then 10% of the value of such security			
	Opening Positions in futures and options		The Market State of the State o	
	i. In case of customer positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions less the			
	amount of cash deposited by the customer and the value of securities held as collateral/ pledged with			
	securities exchange after applying VaR haircuts			
2.	ii. In case of proprietary positions, the total margin requirements in respect of open positions to the extent not already met			
	Short sell positions			
	i. Incase of customer positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market on behalf of			
	customers after increasing the same with the VaR based haircuts less the cash deposited by the			
10	customer as collateral and the value of securities held as collateral after applying VAR based			
	Haircuts			
	ii. Incase of proprietory positions, the market value of shares sold short in ready market and not yet			
	settled increased by the amount of VAR based haircut less the value of securities pledged as			
	Total Ranking Liabilities	427,419		427,419
	Total Railking Liabilities			
		96,670,570		27,270,685
den	lations Summary of Liquid Capital			
HILU	fjusted value of Assets (serial number 1.19)			32,467,423
) Ac	acc: Adjusted value of liabilities (social number 2.5)			
) Ac	ess: Adjusted value of liabilities (serial number 2.5)			(4,769,319)
) Ac	ess: Adjusted value of liabilities (serial number 2.5) ess: Total ranking liabilities (series number 3.11)			(4,769,319

Notes to the Financial Statements For the Period ended March 31, 2024

2024
Rupees

28 Capital Adequacy

Total Assets	101,867,308
Less: Total Liabilities	(4,769,320)
Less: Revaluation Reserves (created upon revaluation of fixed assets)	(1,705,520)
Capital Adequacy Level	97,097,987

While determining the value of the total assets of the TREC Holder, Notional Value of the TRE certificate held by the Riaz Ahmed Securities (Private) Limited for the year ended June 30, 2023 as determined by Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX) has been considered.

29 Accounting Estimates And Judgments

29.1 Property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the rate of depreciation/useful life, residual values and value of assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding affect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

29.2 Intangible assets

The Company reviews the rate of amortization and value of intangible assets for possible impairment on an annual basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of respective items of intangible asset with a corresponding affect on the amortization charge and impairment.

29.3 Investment stated at fair value

The Company has determined fair value of certain investments by using quotations from active market. Fair value estimates are made at a specific point in time based on market conditions and information about financial instruments. These estimates are subjective in nature and involve uncertainties and matter of judgments (e.g. valuation, interest rates, etc.) and therefore cannot be determined with precision.

29.4 Trade debts

The Company reviews its debts portfolio regularly to assess amount of any provision required against such debtors.

30 Finanacial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

30.1 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter parties fail to perform as contracted. The Company's credit risk exposure is not significantly different from that reflected from financial statements.

30.2 Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amounts of the financial assets represent the maximum credit exposures before any credit enhancements. The carrying amounts of financial assets exposed to credit risk at reporting date

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period ended March 31, 2024

are as under:

Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligation to be similarly affected by the changes in economic, political or other conditions. The Company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

	31-Mar-24	30-Jun-23
	Rupees	Rupees
Long Term Investment	62,270,054	62,270,054
Long Term Deposits	500,000	350,000
Cash and bank balances	23,362,319	6,329,025
	86,132,373	68,949,079

Impaired assets

During the year no impairment has been made.

30.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. The Company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stress conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities excluding the impact of netting agreements, if any:

	Carrying amount	Contractual cash flows	One year or less
		Rupees	
March 31, 2024 Account payables	4,133,749	4,133,749	4,133,749
June 30, 2023			
Account payables	480,424	480,424	480,424

30.4 Currency risk

Foreign currency risk is that risk the value of a financial asset or a liability will fluctuate due to a change in foreign exchange rates. It arises mainly where receivables and payables exists due to transactions entered into foreign currencies. The Company believes that it is not exposed to any significant level of currency risk, as the Company is managing its risk.

30.5 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

30.6 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company is not exposed to interest rate risk as the Company does not hold any interest bearing instrument as at the balance sheet date, therefore, no sensitivity analysis has been presented.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period ended March 31, 2024

31 Fair Value of Financial Instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern and there is no intention or requirement to curtain materiality the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' requires the Company to classify fair value measurements and fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements of fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- 1at are observable for the asset either directly that is, derived from prices.
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, adjusted) inputs.

Transfer between level of the fair value hierarchy are recognised at the end of the reporting period during which the changes have occurred.

The carrying value of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in the financial statements approximate their fair values.

32 Information required by regulation 34 of Securites Brokers Regulation 2016

		31-Mar-24	30-Jun-23
a)	Customers' Shares in the Central Depository System	20,021,899	6,971,716
b)	Customers' cash in the Bank Accounts	3,924,462	3,924,462
c)	Securities pledged with financial institutions - Customers	NIL	NIL
d)	Securities pledged with financial institutions - House	NIL	NIL
e)	Income from Dividend	544,922	4,721,203
f)	Pattern of Share holding		
	Riaz Ahmed (72.84%)	3,459,337	3,459,337
	Junaid Riaz (9.05%)	430,000	430,000
	Nazim Riaz (9.05%)	430,000	430,000
	Waqas Riaz (9.05%)	430,000	430,000
g)	Total number of Shares	4,749,337	4,749,337
h)	Changes in Share Holding	NIL	NIL

33 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Directors and Executives

The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for remuneration, including all benefits to Chief Executive, Directors and Executives of the Company is as follows:

Quarterly 2024	For the year 2023

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Period ended March 31, 2024

	Chief Executive	Directors	Chief Executive	Directors
Managerial remuneration	60,000	180,000	240,000	720,000
Number of persons	1	3	1	3

34 Transactions with Related Parties

The related parties of the Company comprise of shareholders/ directors, key management personnel, entities with common shareholding, entities over which the directors are able to exercise influence and entities under common directorship. Remuneration of related parties is disclosed in note 34. Transactions with related parties and the balances outstanding at year end are disclosed in the respective notes to the financial statements.

Other transactions are disclosed in below note:

		Quarter	Yearly
Related party	Nature of Transaction	Mar-24	Jun-23
Riaz Ahmed	Purchase of Shares	67,021,287	362,946,643
Chief Executive/ Director	Sale of Shares	58,768,208	359,004,504
	Brokerage Income	213,942	1,200,708
	Receipt during the period	5,651,036	9,133,423
	Payment during the period		5,007,000
Junaid Riaz	Purchase of Shares	3,821,382	46,588,670
Director	Sale of Shares	3,322,915	42,671,144
	Brokerage Income	14,892	155,711
	Receipt during the period		3,943,981
	Payment during the period		-
Nazim Riaz	Purchase of Shares	1,002,596	13,734,162
Director	Sale of Shares	489,871	9,895,396
	Brokerage Income	4,357	65,173
	Receipt during the period		3,876,611
	Payment during the period	500,000	
Waqas Riaz	Purchase of Shares	7,751,298	57,222,135
Director	Sale of Shares	5,443,060	54,390,898
	Brokerage Income	28,880	235,912
	Receipt during the period	1,348,625	2,875,643
	Payment during the period		

35 Number of Employees

Total number of employees at the end of the year was 3 (2023:03).

36 Date of Authorization

These financial statements have been authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of Company on April 23, 2024.

37 General

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupee.

The corresponding figures have been rearranged and reclassified, wherever considered necessary.

Chief Executive

